Guest Family of Row Heath King's Norton, Worcestershire, England
- Reconciled genealogical table by John L.R. Guest, FCDA, 2026.

Identification of overlooked family member, or their considered movement their proper place within the Ghest family of midlands' larger, interconnected genealogical table (c.f. Ghest genealogical table, page 45 above).

Ghest.

William Gest (c1429-c. 1495)

Son of Thomas Gest (c. 1398-1468) of "Berkely" & King's Norton, Worcestershire [Berkely Deed, 2nd May1468].

Harl. 1566, fo. 188b.

College of Arms Herald, Robert Cooke, 1569 Visitation of Worcestershire

Thomas Ghest =. . . .
Born circa 1458

- **Will'm Ghest of Rowheath in com. Worcester.** Born circa 1479 =. . . . da. of . . . . Feld of . . . . in com. Northampton.
  - **Edmond Ghest of Rowheath.** =. . . . da. of . . . . Creswell of Wolverhampton in com. Stafford.
    - **1. Edmond Ghest of Rowheath.** = Jane da. of John Tripp of Tripham in com. Kent.
      - **Roger Geast (c. 1520- d. 1586)**
      - **Charles Ghest** = Penolapy da. of Thomas Chamberlyne of Brodwas in com. Worster. 1633 January.
    - **Elizebeth vx. John Hambleton of Cubberley in com. Gloster.**
    - **Elizebeth vx. . . . . Worthington of the Isle of Man.**
    - **2. William Ghest of King's Norton in com. Worster.**
    - **Anne vx. John Lyndon yeoman.**
- **Thomas Ghest = Elizabeth Brandisby of Yorkshire.**
  - **Edmond Ghest Bishop of Salisbery.**
  - **Elizabeth Millington of Tewkesbury.**

Source for correction that Bishop Edmund Ghest (15414-1577) is the grandson of Thomas Ghest (b.c. 1458-) and not John Ghest (Senior, b.c. 1460 – is Henry Geast Dugdale (1840, p.13). "The Life and Character of Edmund Gests. Pediigree of the Geste, Ghest or Geast. The source for including Roger Gest (c. 1520-1586) as a collateral relative of John Ghest (1480-1561) Junior and Giles Ghest, of [considered to be brothers, given John Jr. is Richard, Sr. [Lollard of Coventry trial testimonies 1511/2], is Dr Daniel C. Beaver (2017, p. XV] PhD, Associate Prof. Penn State University, Philadelphia, USA in "The Account Book of the Giles Geast Charity, Tewkesbury 1558-1891]. The Bristol and Gloucestershire Archaeological Society.

Elizabeth Gest, daughter of Agnes Corby. Agnes Corby likely wife of the father of Dr John Brandisby and his sister Elizabeth. Deductive reasoning makes Elizabeth, wife of Thomas Gest, mother of Bishop Edmund Gest (1514-1577) and sister "Elizabeth Millington, late of Tewkesbury." (Litzenberger, C. 1998, p. 91).

Arms and Crest of the Guest, Geste, Ghest or Geast and Pedigree*

College of Arms Herald, Sir William Dugdale, 1634 (c.f. Ghest genealogical table, in H. G. Dugdale 1840 (ttl:, p.1., & c.f. p.13). "The Life & Character of Edmund Ghest.

John Ghest Snr = Margaret Hawkes
Born circa 1460 — Born circa 1462

- **John Ghest jr.** (1480-1561) = **Joan Gest**
  John is late of Tewkesbury 1540 moving there perhaps as a widower. He married Joan who was 19 years his senior. They married around 1500. Joan Gest 1470-) in the likely daughter of Richard & Joan Smyth, and brother of John Smyth.
  1. Dyer, C. (2012, pp. 44-45). "London and Beyond."
  2. "Chapter 2. The Lollards of Coventry". Gender and Heresy: Women and Men in Lollard Communities, 1420-1530. 2010, pp. 22-46.
- **Richard Ghest sr.** Born circa 1482 =
- **Laurence Ghest** Born circa 1485 =
- **Giles Ghest****
  (c.1490-1557)
  Late of Tewkesbury
  = **Alice Styles**
  (c. 1500-1581)

**Giles was awarded the original Guest arms in 1543. (1543 Harl. Ms. 1543. fo. 83b in Chitty & Phillpott 1623, p. 71, Visitation of Gloucester).

*Extracted from Sir William Dugdale's Gest, Geste, Ghest Genealogical Table 1634:

"John Geste or Ghest [Snr.], of Handworth, Co. Stafford, admitted tenant of copyhold messuage and lands then, 12 Hen. VII [1492]. Margaret Ghest, nee Hawkes, daughter and heir of Thomas Hawkes, and great granddaughter of Henry Hawkes of Hopwood, Co. Worcester, close to Row Heath in Kings Norton parish, in right of whom, the said John, her husband, at a court held for the Manor of Handworth, 7 Hen. VII. [r. 1485-1509], claimed a messuage, called Hands House, and the lands there [in 1492], *which the said Thomas and Henry* [Hawkes] *held by knight's service, and of which they severely died, seized, 31* [1452] *and 32* [1453] *Henry VI* [r. 1421-1471].

[Source: Dugdale, H. G., 1840, p.1. "The Life and Character of Edmund Gests. Pediigree of the Geste, Ghest or Geast , and Dugdale Family by Sir William Dugdale, 1634. His 1634 genealogical compiled from the Court Rolls of Handworth the Minister's Registry of that Place, Shushtoke and other Parishes, as well as from Title Deeds and other Authorities].

[This passage above written by Dugdale in 1634, is taken to mean in context of the historical figure King Henry VI and the events depicted in Shakespeare's Henry VI plays, the phrase "seized" refers to the point in 1452–1453 when Henry VI suffered a complete mental breakdown, becoming unresponsive for over a year at the age of 31–32. It was then that Thomas and Henry were granted Handsworth Manor and lands]. John and Margaret likely to have other issue, daughter and perhaps infants deceased which escape this search [mine].